CBSE · CLASS 10 · SOCIAL SCIENCE

CBSE Class 10 Social Science Guess Paper 2027

Time: 3 hours · Maximum marks: 80 · 38 questions

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Section A

Section A - History (India and the Contemporary World-II), 20 marks. 4 MCQ (1m), 1 VSA (2m, internal choice), 1 SA (3m, internal choice), 1 LA (5m, internal choice), 1 case/source-based question (4m, three sub-parts 1+1+2), 1 History map item (2m).

Q1. Thousands of people fled Europe for America in the 19th century due to - A. Widespread poverty and deadly diseases B. Frequent famines and poor living conditions C. Continuous wars and political instability D. Harsh climate and repeated natural disasters — 1 mark

Q2. Arrange the following events in chronological order and choose the correct option: — 1 mark
I. Second Round Table Conference
II. Formation of Depressed Class Association
III. Lahore Session of Indian National Congress
IV. Formation of Awadh Kissan Sabha
Options:
(A) I, II, IV, III
(B) I, II, III, IV
(C) IV, III, II, I
(D) IV, III, I, II

Q3. Match the following and Choose the correct option: COLUMN I: A. Frederic Sorrieu; B. Statue of Liberty; C. Foreground in front of the Statue of Liberty; D. Sorrieu's utopian vision. COLUMN II: 1. Torch of enlightenments; 2. Shattered remains of absolutist Institutions; 3. Democratic and Social Republics; 4. French Artist. Options: 1. A-4, B-1, C-2, D-3 2. A-2, B-4, C-4, D-1 3. A-1, B-2, C-4, D-3 4. A-4, B-1, C-3, D-4 — 1 mark

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Q4. Identify and name the leader shown in the picture given below: [image of a leader, Source-India and the Contemporary World-II, NCERT]. A. Lala Lajpat Rai B. Bal Gangadhar Tilak C. Gopal Krishan Gokhale D. Raja Rammohan Roy — 1 mark

2. Identify and name the leader shown in the picture given below. -



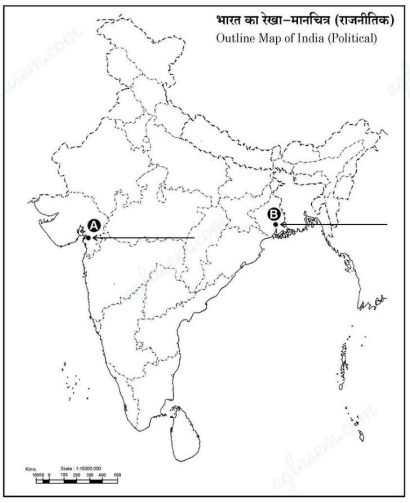
Source-India and the Contemporary World-II, NCERT

A. Lala Lajpat Rai
B. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
C. Gopal Krishan Gokhale

Q5. Two places 'A' and 'B' have been marked on the given political outline map of India. Identify them with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them: — 2 marks
A. The place where Gandhiji broke the Salt Law.
B. The place where the session of Indian National Congress was held.

Cut Here यहाँ से काटें

प्रश्न सं. 9 और 19 के लिए मानचित्र
Map for Q. No. 9 and 19



Cut Here यहाँ से काटें

~32/4/1~ {} 31

Q6. 'By the seventeenth century, as urban culture bloomed in China, the uses of print diversified'. Explain the statement by giving suitable examples. — 3 marks

Q7. 'The Treaty of Vienna was drawn up in 1815 with the object of undoing most of the changes that had come about in Europe during the Napoleonic wars.' Highlight the significant provisions of this treaty. — 5 marks

Q8. "Trade and cultural exchange went hand-in-hand during pre-modern times." Explain the statement with any two examples. — 4 marks

Q9. 'Sometimes the new crops could make the difference between life and death.' Explain the statement with any two examples. 2 marks

Section B

Section B - Geography (Contemporary India-II), 20 marks. 6 MCQ (1m), 1 VSA (2m), 1 LA (5m, internal choice), 1 case/source-based question (4m, three sub-parts 1+2+1), 1 Geography map question worth 3m (two parts: a 1m locate-and-label with internal choice + a 2m locate item).

Q10. Based on the classification of forests, which of the following statements would most likely apply to places like Jammu and Kashmir, Andhra Pradesh, and Kerala etc.? A. These places mostly have forests managed as reserved or protected forests for conservation. B. They rely on unclassed forests and local community management for forest conservation. C. They have forest resources and primarily focus on industrial development. D. There are no classified forests and forest management is entirely left to private ownership. 1 mark

Q11. Which one of the following crops grows well in hot and humid climate? 1 mark
(A) Sugarcane
(B) Peas
(C) Wheat
(D) Gram

Q12. Identify the appropriate option to fill in the empty boxes: Classification of Soils -> Alluvial (Ideal for the growth of sugarcane, paddy, wheat and other cereal and pulse crops.) | ? (Ideal for growing cotton) | ? (suitable for crops like cashew nut). A. Black soil, Red and Yellow soils B. Laterite soil, Black soil C. Red & Yellow soils & Black soil D. Black soil & Laterite soil. 1 mark

Q13. Match Column – I with Column – II and choose the correct option: 1 mark
Column – I (National Park) — Column – II (States)
a. Corbett b. Sunderban c. Sariska d. Periyar
i. Rajasthan ii. Uttarakhand iii. Kerala iv. West Bengal
Options:
(A) a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii
(B) a-i, b-iii, c-ii, d-iv
(C) a-iv, b-ii, c-iii, d-i
(D) a-ii, b-iv, c-i, d-iii

Q14. Choose the correct option to fill in the blank: 1 mark
Minerals → Ferrous (Cobalt), Non-Ferrous (Lead), ---?--- (Sulphur)
Options:
(A) Non-metallic
(B) Metallic
(C) Precious
(D) Energy

Q15. Read the given infographics carefully and choose the correct option that identifies the soil described: (1) Sandy in texture → (2) Red to brown in colour → (3) Soil lacks humus due to dry climate
Options:
(A) Laterite soil
(B) Forest soil
(C) Arid soil
(D) Black soil
1 mark

Q16. "Agriculture and industry are not exclusive of each other. They move hand in hand". Justify your answer with examples.
2 marks

Q17. Examine the role of petroleum as an important source of energy and describe its distribution in India. (3 + 2)
5 marks

Q18. [Source: Global pollution is rising due to rapid economic growth, population increases, and insufficient environmental management. This poses serious health risks for people and ecosystems, particularly in low- and middle-income countries. Contributing to these challenges, the global economy relies on deeply intertwined supply chains, sustained by more than 100 billion tons of raw materials entering the system each year. Intensive material consumption depletes natural resources and causes negative environmental impacts at every stage of the product lifecycle. Global waste is expected to increase to 3.4 billion tons by 2050. Pollution of all types hinders development outcomes. Exposure to air pollution, water pollution, and hazardous chemicals and wastes like mercury, lead and persistent organic pollutants (POPs) causes debilitating and fatal illnesses, creates harmful living conditions, and destroys ecosystems. Pollution undermines sustainable economic growth, exacerbates poverty and inequality in both urban and rural areas, and significantly contributes to climate change. Poor people, who cannot afford to protect themselves from the negative impacts of pollution, end up suffering the most. Pollution is the largest environmental cause of disease and premature death. It is estimated to be several times more deaths than from AIDS, tuberculosis, and malaria combined. Global health crises, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, are reminders of the strong linkages between environment and health and of the need to address such linkages systematically. (Source: worldbank.org/en/topic/pollution)] 18.1 Why do you think is global waste expected to increase by 2050?
4 marks

Q19. On the same outline map of India given for Q. No. 9, locate and label any three of the following with suitable symbols:
(i) The major dam constructed on the Chenab river
(ii) Nuclear power plant in Maharashtra
(iii) Software Technology Park in Tamil Nadu
(iv) International Airport in Punjab
3 marks

Section C

Section C - Political Science (Democratic Politics-II), 20 marks. 3 MCQ (1m), 1 Assertion-Reason (1m), 2 VSA (2m), 1 SA (3m), 1 LA (5m, internal choice), 1 case/source-based question (4m, three sub-parts 1+1+2).

Q20. Which of the following is the main factor that led to the rise of multiple political parties at the same level in India? 1 mark
(A) A federal political system
(B) Varied economic conditions.
(C) Linguistic and regional diversity
(D) Low levels of literacy and political awareness

Q21. Which of the following statement(s) are true with respect to the ethnic composition of Belgium? I. 59 percent of the total population of Belgium lives in the Wallonia region and speaks French. II. 40 percent live in the Flemish region and speak Dutch. III. One percent of the Belgians speak German. IV. In the capital city Brussels, 80 percent people speak French while 20 per cent are Dutch speaking. Choose the correct option: A. I and II B. III and IV C. I, II and III D. I and IV 1 mark

Q22. The cartoon below depicts Germany's government that was formed after the 2005 elections. It included the two major parties of the country, namely the Christian Democratic Union and the Social Democratic Party. The two parties are historically competing with each other. Which of the following options best explains the cartoon? [cartoon image, Source-Democratic Politics, NCERT] A. Coalition Government. B. Two Party System. C. Democratic government. D. Bi-party system. 1 mark

21. The cartoon below depicts Germany's government that was formed after the 2005 elections. It included the two major parties of the country, namely the Christian Democratic Union and the Social Democratic Party. The two parties are historically competing with each other. Which of the following options best explains the cartoon? 1



Source-Democratic Politics, NCERT

7

Please note that the assessment scheme of the Academic Session 2024-25 will continue in the current session i.e. 2025-26

Q23. Two statements are given as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Study the statements carefully and identify the correct alternative: ASSERTION (A): Exclusive attention to caste can produce negative results in democracy. REASON (R): It can divert attention from other important issues thus leading to tensions, conflicts and even violence. Choose the correct option: A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. B. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. C. A is true but R is false. D. A is false but R is true 1 mark

Q24. "Local Government is an effective way to uphold the democratic principle of decentralization." Justify this statement with valid points. 2 marks

Q25. Highlight any two key features of federalism. 2 marks

Q26. Explain the importance of political parties in democracy. 3 marks

Q27. How do democracies lead to peaceful and harmonious life among citizens? Explain. 5 marks

Q28. Women empowerment has greatly improved their status in society over the years. Give any three examples to prove the statement. 4 marks

Section D

Section D - Economics (Understanding Economic Development), 20 marks. 6 MCQ (1m), 3 SA (3m), 1 LA (5m, internal choice).

Q29. Which of the following factors significantly contribute to the process of globalisation? Select the correct options. 1 mark

1. Expansion of Multinational Corporations (MNCs).
2. Advancements in information and communication technology.
3. Nationalisation and trade barriers.
4. Cross-border movement of people for jobs and education.

Options:
(A) Statements 1 and 2 are appropriate.
(B) Statements 1, 2 and 3 are appropriate.
(C) Statements 2, 3 and 4 are appropriate
(D) Only statement 3 is appropriate

Q30. Person Z tries to explain how the requirement of a double coincidence of wants in a barter system limits trade and exchange. Which of the following justification do you think will be used by him/her? A. It makes trade more complicated, as each person must have what the other person wants, limiting the pool of potential trade partners. B. The barter system allows trade to be conducted more efficiently since both parties already know what they need from the transaction. C. It increases the number of exchanges because each person can trade for exactly what they want. D. The system creates value for goods by ensuring that both parties have a direct need for each other's goods. 1 mark

Q31. Study the given data carefully and answer the question that follows: Monthly income of citizens (in Rs) — Country A: I=9,500; II=10,500; III=9,800; IV=1,000; V=10,200. Country B: I=500; II=500; III=500; IV=500; V=4,800. Identify the average monthly income of citizens in 'country A'. 1 mark

(A) 8,200
(B) 9,000
(C) 1,000
(D) 9,020

Q32. Look at the given picture (workers sorting/folding stitched garments in a textile unit) and answer the question that follows : The work being done in the picture falls under which sector of the economy ? (A) Primary (B) Quaternary (C) Secondary (D) Tertiary 1 mark

(A) Primary (B) Secondary
(C) Tertiary (D) Quaternary

17. Look at the given picture and answer the question that follow :



The work being done in the picture falls under which sector of the economy ? *1*

(A) Primary (B) Quaternary (C) Secondary (D) Tertiary

Q33. Mr. X has taken credit to make candles during the festive season. Choose the correct options that defines the importance of credit from the given options: 1 mark
i. it plays a vital and positive role in meeting his target and accelerating his income
ii. the credit helps him to meet the ongoing expenses of production
iii. the credit helps him complete the production on time
iv. it helps him in exercising restraint and get into the habit of taking more credit
(A) Only 4
(B) 3 and 4
(C) 1, 2 and 3
(D) Only 2

Q34. The result of greater foreign investment and greater foreign trade has been _____ across countries. Find the correct option from below. 1 mark
(A) greater bifurcation of production and markets
(B) greater segregation of production and markets
(C) greater differentiation of production and markets
(D) greater integration of production and markets

Q35. Sunil and Raman did their graduation from the same college. Sunil got employed in an unorganised sector and was not satisfied whereas Raman got employed in an organised sector and was happy and satisfied. Identify three reasons for Sunil's dissatisfaction as compared to Raman. 3 marks

Q36. Analyse the issues that necessitate sustainable development for the future. 3 marks

Q37. "New technology has helped to connect the world." Justify the statement with suitable arguments. 3 marks

Q38. Miss X wants to start a savoury food store in her village. She wants to supplement her income to raise the standard of living of her family. How, do you think, self-help groups can help, support your answer with reasons? 5 marks

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